NASDAQ: IDYA



IDEAYA Biosciences

Improving Lives
Through Transformative
Precision Medicines



Safe Harbor Statement

Certain statements in this presentation and the accompanying oral commentary are forward-looking statements. These statements relate to future events or the future financial performance of IDEAYA Biosciences, Inc. (the "Company") and involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause the actual results, levels of activity, performance or achievements of the Company or its industry to be materially different from those expressed or implied by any forward-looking statements. In some cases, forward-looking statements can be identified by terminology such as "may," "will," "could," "would," "should," "expect," "plan," "anticipate," "intend," "believe," "estimate," "predict," "potential" or other comparable terminology. All statements other than statements of historical fact could be deemed forward-looking, including the potentially addressable patient population for the Company's programs, any expectations regarding the Company's target discovery platform or new target validation efforts as creating opportunities for research and development initiatives; any projections of financial information, market opportunities, cash runway or profitability; any statements about historical results that may suggest trends for the Company's business; any statements of the plans, strategies, and objectives of management for development programs or future operations; any statements about the timing of preclinical research, clinical development, regulatory filings and guidance, manufacturing, release of data or program updates; any statements of expectation or belief regarding future events, potential markets or market size, technology developments, therapeutic benefits, or receipt of cash milestones or royalties; and any statements of assumptions underlying any of the items mentioned. The Company has based these forward-looking statements on its current expectations, assumptions, estimates and projections. While the Company believes these expectations, assumptions, estimates and projections are reasonable, such forward-looking statements are only predictions and involve known and unknown risks and uncertainties, many of which are beyond the Company's control. Such risks and uncertainties include, among others, the uncertainties inherent in the drug development process, including IDEAYA's programs' early stage of development, the process of designing and conducting preclinical and clinical trials, the regulatory approval processes, the timing of regulatory filings, the challenges associated with manufacturing drug products, IDEAYA's ability to successfully establish, protect and defend its intellectual property, and other matters that could affect the sufficiency of existing cash to fund operations. These and other important factors may cause actual results, performance or achievements to differ materially from those expressed or implied by these forwardlooking statements. The forward-looking statements in this presentation are made only as of the date hereof. For a further description of the risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ from those expressed in these forward-looking statements, as well as risks relating to the business of the Company in general, see the Company's periodic filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"), including its Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023, and any current and periodic reports filed thereafter. Except as required by law, the Company assumes no obligation and does not intend to update these forward-looking statements or to conform these statements to actual results or to changes in the Company's expectations.

This presentation concerns anticipated products that are under clinical investigation and which have not yet been approved for marketing by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA). It is currently limited by Federal law to investigational use, and no representation is made as to its safety or effectiveness for the purposes for which it is being investigated. IDEAYA and the IDEAYA logo are trademarks of IDEAYA Biosciences, Inc. All other trademarks used herein are the property of their respective owners.



IDEAYA Biosciences Highlights

Leading Precision Medicine Oncology Biotechnology Company Advancing Potential First-in-Class Therapies

Broad Pipeline of 4 Clinical Programs with Multiple 2024 Target Milestones and Catalysts

PHASE 2/3 **PHASE 1/2 IND-ENABLING PRECLINICAL** PHASE 1 IDE161 (PARG) WERNER HELICASE **NEXT GEN PROGRAMS** DAROVASERTIB (PKC) **IDE397 (MAT2A)** • Daro + Crizo (cMET) 1L MUM Selected move-forward Ph2 Initial Phase 2 Expansion – H2 IND Submission (\$7M Development Candidate Registrational Ph 2/3 Program mono expansion dose in 2024 Milestone Upon Successful IND Nominations, including in squamous NSCLC and ongoing Update(s) - 2024 Enable Combination(s) – 2024 Clearance) – H2 2024 MTAP-deletion to enable Daro + Crizo Ph 2 in GNAQ/11 expansion in Bladder potential wholly-owned clinical IDE161 + KEYTRUDA® Melanomas combo with IDE397 - H2 2024 **IDE397 + AMG 193 (PRMT5)** (pembrolizumab) Neoadjuvant UM Ph 2 IST · Ongoing Phase 1 Enrollment and Phase 1 FPI in Endometrial Clinical Update – ASCO'24 **Development of Joint Publication** Cancer – H2 2024 Neoadjuvant UM Ph 2 Strategy – 2024 Company-Sponsored Clinical **GSK101 (POL THETA)** IDE397 + Trodelvy® (Trop2-ADC) Data Update and Regulatory · Ongoing Phase 1 Dose Phase 1 FPI in MTAP Bladder – Guidance Update - H2 2024 Escalation Mid 2024

Pharma Collaborations











~\$2B in potential milestones

Financials and Investor Relations

~\$978M to fund operations into 2028 1, 2

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⁽¹⁾ Includes aggregate of \$941.4M cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities as of March 31, 2024, plus pro forma \$36.5M estimated net proceeds from sales of common stock through at-the-market offerings in April 2024

Leading Functional Genomics and Synthetic Lethality Platform

The Next Frontier in Precision Medicine Oncology

Functional Genomics and Synthetic Lethality provides a powerful approach to discover novel precision medicine therapies with patient biomarkers, including MTAP-deletion (~15% of solid tumors), BRCA/HRD (Breast, Prostate, Ovarian, Others), and high-MSI (15% GI Cancers)



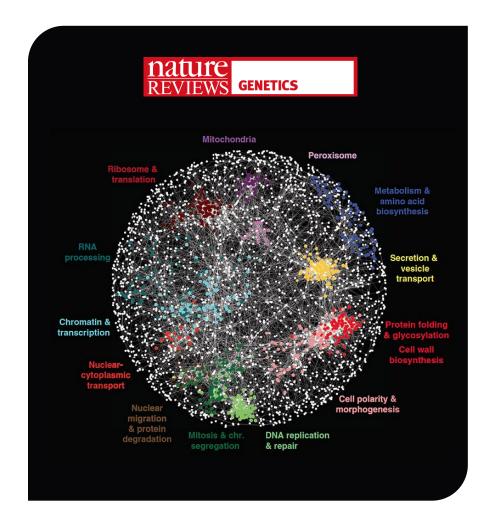
Functional genomics combines human genetics with advances in Al and machine learning to develop effective precision medicines



Synthetic lethality occurs when the simultaneous perturbation of two genes results in cell death



Large-scale screening for novel synthetic lethal targets has progressed through advances in molecular biology (e.g., RNA interference, CRISPR-Cas9 editing) and bioinformatics





IDEAYA Precision Medicine Oncology Platform

Fully-Integrated Target, Biomarker, Drug Discovery and Translational Capabilities

Drug Discovery and Pharmacological Validation

Structure Based Drug Design

Small Molecule Chemistry Protein Degrader Capabilities

Key emerging novel targets identified, such as

Werner Helicase, Pol Theta Helicase and PARG

Bioinformatics, including AI Algorithms

Dual CRISPR, CRISPR, Chemogenomics

Genetically Engineered Models

Target & Biomarker

Discovery and Validation

- DECIPHER™ Dual CRISPR SL Library in DDR Cell Lines in collaboration with UCSD
- PAGEO™ Paralogous Gene Evaluation in Ovarian in collaboration with Broad Institute
- Machine Learning and Multi-Omics platform

Translational Research and Opportunity Expansion



Genomics – DNA and RNA Analysis Proteomics – Protein Expression Profiling Tissue (IHC, IF) and Liquid Biopsies Analysis

> clinical biomarkers and transformative combinations

Translational research to define

- Opportunity expansion through broad cell panel screening
- Pharmacodynamic biomarker analysis to confirm target modulation and correlation with clinical activity
- Crystal structures for SL discovery programs obtained to enable structure-based design
- INQUIRE™ Chemical Library proprietary, expert-curated small-molecule library
- HARMONY™ Machine-Learning engine empowers drug discovery platform
- Differentiated clinical / candidate compounds discovered, including IDE397, IDE161 and GSK101 / IDE705 (Pol Theta Helicase)



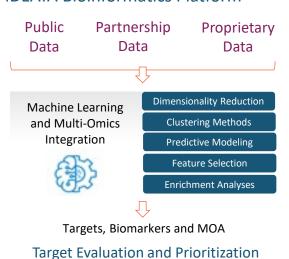
IDEAYA Functional Genomics and Synthetic Lethality Platform

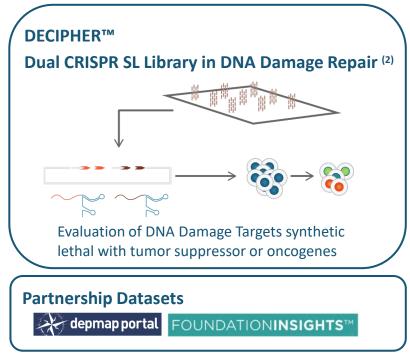
Novel Target and Biomarker Discovery and Validation

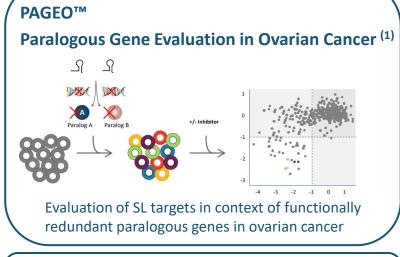
Target and Biomarker Discovery & Validation Platform

IDEAYA Functional Genomics Platform integrates proprietary and public data sets with orthogonal and complementary content Bioinformatic analysis enables identification and validation of synthetic lethal target / biomarker interactions across vast datasets Robust SL interactions validated genetically (Dual CRISPR, paralogues, isogenic pairs, CRISPR/siRNA), pharmacologically and *in vivo*

Data-to-Knowledge Enterprise fueled by multi-omic patient and molecular data across public, partnership and proprietary data sets via IDEAYA Bioinformatics Platform











IDEAYA Precision Oncology Drug Discovery Platform & IND Engine

AI/ML & Structure Based Drug Design to Deliver First-in-Class Development Candidates

Structural Biology & Structure Based Drug Design

Full suite of capabilities in structural biology, biophysics, & computational chemistry

Ligand bound co-crystal structures resolved to enable Structure Based Drug Design for each of the Synthetic Lethality drug-discovery programs

Multiple potential "first-in-world" co-crystal structures resolved, including for PARG, Pol Theta Helicase and Werner Helicase

INQUIRE™ Proprietary Chemical Library

Expert-curated HTS library to enhance hit discovery capabilities against novel SL targets classes

Enhances IDEAYA's SL Drug Discovery Platform and competitive differentiation

AI/ML Enabled Computational Drug Discovery* Make Fewer Compounds Make Better Compounds **HARMONYTM ML and** FEP discovery engine In-synthesis Accurate properties prediction **Hypothesis** Creative design solutions

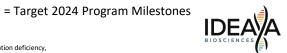
AI/ML to Accelerate Time to IND for First-in-Class Targets

IDEAYA's Potential First-in-Class Precision Medicine Oncology Pipeline

	Modality/Indication	Biomarker	Pre-clinical	IND Enabling	Phase 1	Phase 2	Potential Registrational	Program Goals / Achievements	Collaborations	Commercial (IDEAYA)
Darovasertib <i>PKC</i>	+cMET ¹ Combination 1L HLA-A2(-) MUM	GNAQ/11						Phase 2 (AA) / Phase 3 registrational trial ^ program update(s) - '24		
	cMET¹ Combination HLA-A2(+) MUM ^	GNAQ/11						HLA-A2(+) clinical trial ^^	Pfizer (1)	WW Commercial Rights
	cMET ¹ Combination Melanomas	GNAQ/11						Phase 2 expansion in GNAQ/11 melanomas, including metastatic cutaneous melanoma		
	(Neo)Adjuvant UM	GNAQ/11						Phase 2 company-sponsored clinical efficacy update and regulatory guidance – H2 2024		
	Monotherapy Solid Tumors	MTAP						Selected move-forward Ph 2 mono expansion dose in squamous NSCLC and ongoing expansion in Bladder		
IDE397 <i>MAT2A</i>	Combination Solid Tumors	MTAP						Phase 1 IDE397 + AMG 193 (PRMT5iMTA) ongoing enrollment and joint publication strategy—'24	AMGEN° (2)	WW Commercial Rights
	Combination Bladder Cancer	MTAP				Phase 1 IDE397 + Trodelvy® FPI – Mid '24	GILEAD (3)			
	Monotherapy Solid Tumors	HRD						Phase 2 expansion in priority tumor types (Breast, CRC, Endometrial, Prostate) – H2'24		
IDE161 PARG	Combination Endometrial Cancer	High-MSI, MSS					Phase 1 IDE161 + KEYTRUDA® FPI – H2 '24	MERCK (4)	WW Commercial Rights	
	Combinations Solid Tumors	HRD, Others			Enable IDE161 combination(s) – '24					
GSK101 Pol Theta Helicase	+Niraparib Combo ⁴ Solid Tumors	HR Mutations						Ongoing Phase 1 dose escalation	GSK (5)	Global Royalties
WRN Werner Helicase	GI Cancers	High-MSI						Targeting IND submission in H2 2024 (\$7M Milestone upon successful IND clearance)	GSK (5)	50% US Profits and 20% costs
Platform	Solid Tumors	Defined Biomarkers						Targeting Multiple DC Nominations, including in MTAP-deletion to enable combo with IDE397 – H2'24		WW Commercial Rights

^Integrated Phase 2/3 enables potential Accelerated Approval (AA, Phase 2) and potential Full Approval (Phase 3) based on FDA Type C Meeting Q1 2023, ^^Targeting enrollment of additional HLA-A2(+) patients in a separate clinical trial (e.g., ongoing IDE196-001 Phase 2 clinical trial)

⁽a) Pustaant to GSK Collaboration, Option and License Agreement: Poin: Global Royalties, WRN: 50/50 US Prints + Ex-US Royalties
MATZA=methylthiolane adenosyltransferase 2a, MTAP=methylthioadenosine phosphorylase, MTA=methylthioadenosine, PRMTS=protein arginine methyltransferase 5 (PRMTS), PARG= poly (ADP-ribose) glycohydrolase, WRN = Werner Helicase, Pol0 = DNA Polymerase Theta, HRD = homologous recombination deficiency,
MSI = microsatellite instability, PKC = protein kinase c, MUM = metastatic uveal melanoma, UM = uveal melanoma, Crizo = crizotinib, NSCLC = non-small cell lung cancer, WW = worldwide, HLA-A2(-) = HLA-A2*02:01 Negative; HLA-A2*02:01 Positive, DC = development candidate



⁽¹⁾ Pursuant to Pfizer Clinical Trial Collaboration and Supply Agreements for Darovasertib/Crizotinib Combination; IDEAYA retains all Darovasertib Commercial Rights

⁽²⁾ Pursuant to Amgen Clinical Trial Collaboration and Supply Agreement for IDE397 + AMG 193, an investigational MTA-cooperative PRMT5 inhibitor; Amgen is the sponsor the study and the parties jointly share external costs of the study

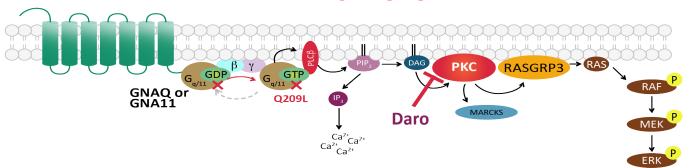
⁽³⁾ Pursuant to Gilead Clinical Study Collaboration and Supply Agreement for IDE397 + Trodelvy*, a Trop-2 directed antibody-drug conjugate (ADC); the Company will sponsor the study and Gilead will provide Trodelvy at no cost

⁽⁴⁾ Pursuant to Merck Clinical Trial Collaboration and Supply Agreement for IDE161 + Keytruda*, an anti-PD-1 therapy; the Company will sponsor the study and Merck will provide Keytruda at no cost

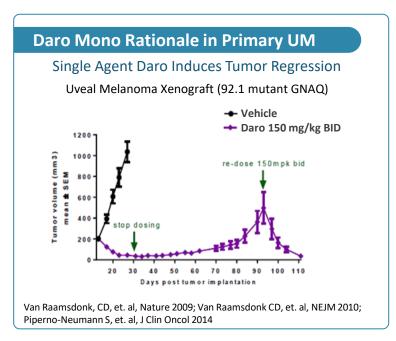
⁽⁴⁾ Pursuant to GSK Collaboration, Option and License Agreement: Pol0: Global Royalties; WRN: 50/50 US Profits + ex-US Royalties

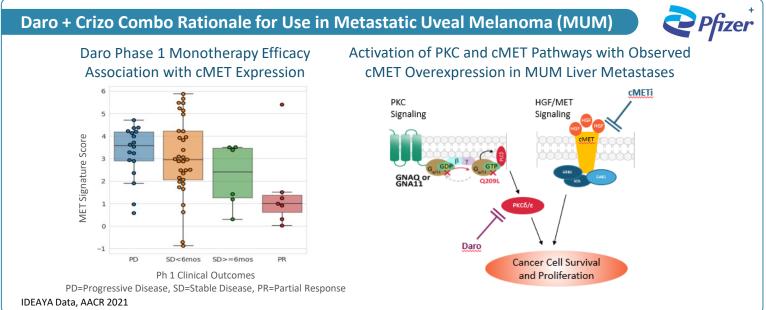
Darovasertib – Potential to Broadly Impact Uveal Melanoma Potential First-in-Class and Best-in-Class in (Neo)adjuvant UM and Metastatic UM

Mutations in GNAQ / GNA11 activate PKC Signaling, a genetic driver of Uveal Melanoma



Darovasertib is an oral, potent and selective PKC inhibitor GNAQ or GNA11 (~95%) and other upstream mutations activate PKC signaling in UM and MUM patients UM is typically treated with radiation and/or enucleation, with no approved systemic therapies for Neoadjuvant UM MUM occurs in approximately 50% of UM patients and predominantly as liver metastasis in ~90% of MUM patients, with no approved therapies for HLA-A*02:01 negative MUM





⁺ Pfizer Clinical Trial Collaboration and Supply Agreements for Darovasertib + Crizotinib Combination in MUM IDEAYA owns or controls all commercial rights in darovasertib, including in Primary UM and MUM

Phase 2 Clinical Trial - Comparatively High-Risk, Poor Prognosis Population

Disease Burden Significantly Higher in Both Any-Line and First-Line MUM Population⁺

Baseline C	haracteristics		1 Phase 2* o + Crizotinib	Tebentasfusp First-Line Phase 3#		
		Any-Line n=63 (%)	First-Line n=20 (%)	Tebe Arm n=252 (%)	Control Arm^ n=126	
Ago (Voors)	< 65	35 (56)	10 (50)	64 Median	66 Median	
Age (Years)	≥65	28 (44)	10 (50)			
Sex	F	32 (51)	9 (45)	124 (49)	64 (51)	
Sex	M	31 (49)	11 (55)	128 (51)	62 (49)	
ECOC DC	0	43 (68)	14 (70)	192 (76)	85 (67)	
ECOG PS	1	20 (32)	6 (30)	49 (19)	31 (25)	
Pagalina I DU	Normal	25 (40)	10 (50)			
Baseline LDH	>ULN	38 (60)	10 (50)	90 (36)	46 (37)	
	≤3.0 cm	22 (35)	8 (40)	139 (55)	70 (56)	
Largest metastatic lesion	3.1 to 8.0 cm	35 (56)	9 (45)	92 (37)	46 (37)	
	≥ 8.1 cm	6 (10)	3 (15)	21 (8)	10 (8)	
	Hepatic Only	19 (30)	10 (50)	131 (52)	59 (47)	
Location of metastases	Extrahepatic Only	3 (5)	0	9 (4)	10 (8)	
	Hepatic and Extrahepatic	41 (65)	10 (50)	111 (44)	55 (44)	

⁺ Cross-trial comparisons are not based on head-to-head studies and are presented for informational purposes; no direct comparisons are being made



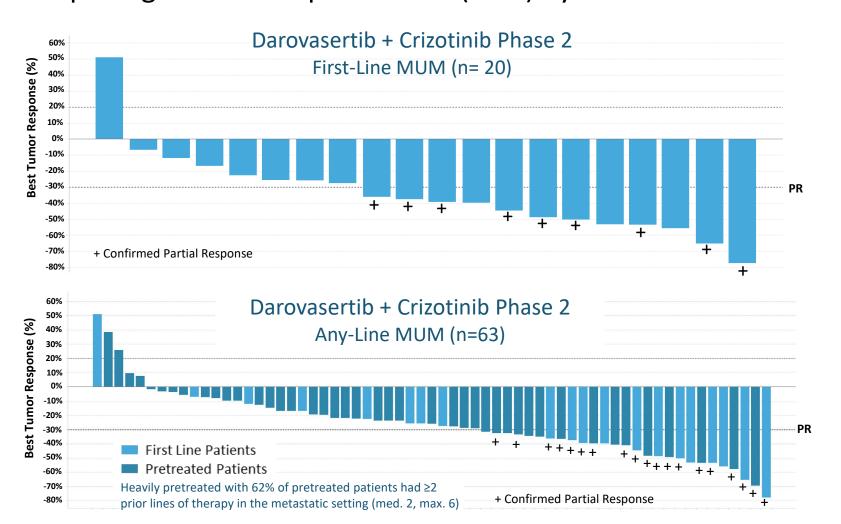
^{*} IDEAYA Data as of August 22, 2023 (based on preliminary analysis of unlocked database by investigator review)

[#] N Engl J Med 2021; 385:1196-1206; ECOG data missing in Tebentafusp and Control arm of 4% and 7% respectively

[^] Investigator Choice distribution in the control group: 103 (82%) received pembrolizumab, 16 (13%) received ipilimumab, and 7 (6%) received dacarbazine

Daro + Crizo Phase 2 Efficacy: First-Line MUM and Any-Line MUM

Compelling Overall Response Rate (ORR) by RECIST 1.1 Observed



Confirmed 45% ORR and 90% DCR

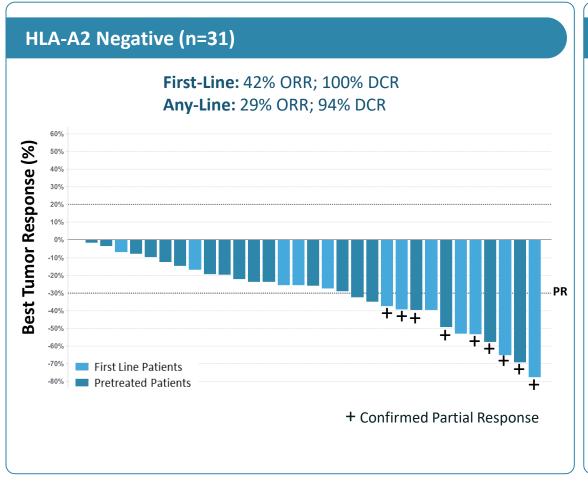
Response by RECIST 1.1 First-Line MUM	Evaluable (N=20)
Confirmed ORR (9/20)	45%
Tumor Shrinkage (19/20)	95%
>30% Tumor Shrinkage (12/20)	60%
Best Overall Response	
cPR (9/20)	45%
SD (9/20)	45%
DCR (18/20)	90%

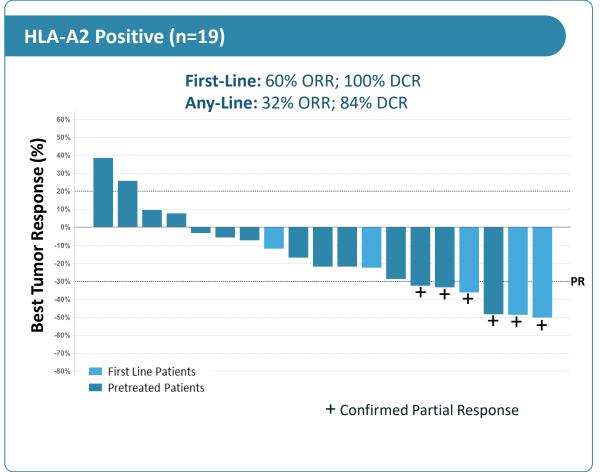
Confirmed 30% ORR and 89% DCR

Response by RECIST 1.1 Any-Line MUM	Evaluable (N=63)
Confirmed ORR (19/63)	30%
Tumor Shrinkage (58/63)	92%
>30% Tumor Shrinkage (27/63)	43%
Best Overall Response	
cPR (19/63)	30%
SD (37/63)	59%
DCR (56/63)	89%



Daro + Crizo Phase 2 Efficacy: HLA-A2-Negative and HLA-A2-Positive MUM Clinical Combination Observes Clinical Efficacy Irrespective of HLA-A2 Status



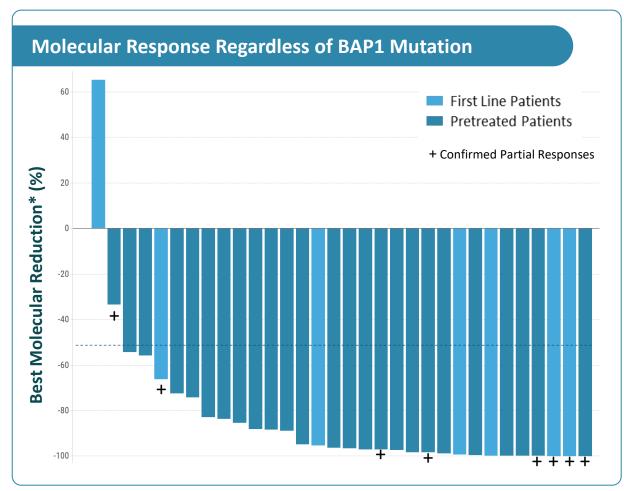


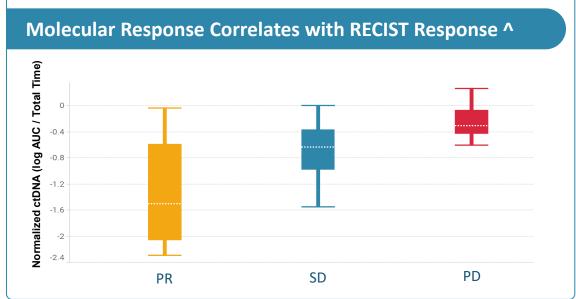
ESMO 2023 Proferred Presentation M McKean et al: preliminary analysis of unlocked database as of 08/22/2023 by investigator review; data cutoff based on treatment Day 1 of Cycle 1 (C1D1) as of 9/22/2022



Observed 94% ctDNA Molecular Response Rate with Deep & Sustained MRs*

Any-Line MUM Patients Treated with the Darovasertib + Crizotinib Combination





High ctDNA Molecular Response Rate of 94% in Any-Line MUM Deep and Sustained MRs with approximately 80% of patients showing >80% reduction in MAF

ctDNA MRs correlate with Clinical Efficacy (PR, SD, PD) by RECIST

ESMO 2023 Proferred Presentation M McKean et al: Preliminary analysis of unlocked database as of 08/22/2023 by investigator review; data cutoff based on treatment Day 1 of Cycle 1 (C1D1) as of 9/22/2022

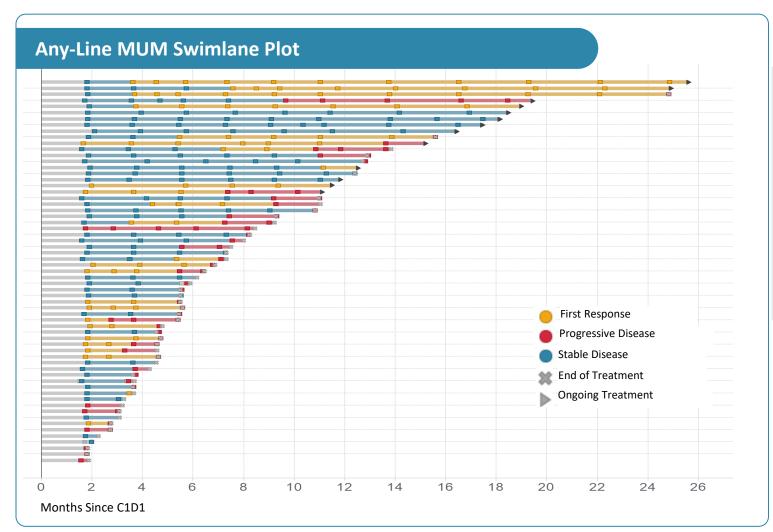


^{*}Molecular response (MR) defined as at least 50% reduction in percentage of Mean Allele Frequency (MAF) at any timepoint

[^] Best Overall Response

Median PFS in First-Line, Any-Line and Hepatic-Only MUM

Observed Compelling Median Progression Free Survival with Encouraging Trend



Darovasertib + Crizotinib Phase 2

Median Progression Free Survival

- First-Line (n=20): 7.1 months
- Any-Line (n=63): 6.8 months
- Hepatic-Only (n=19): 11.0 months

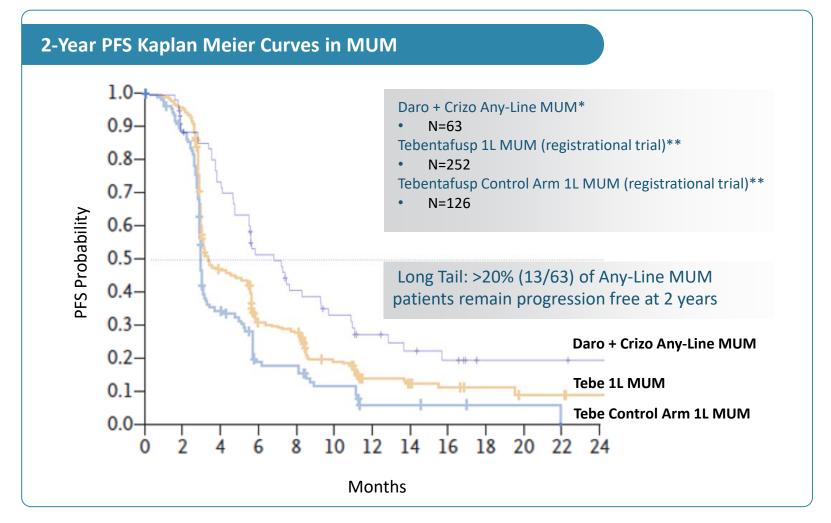
Treatment Duration – Observations

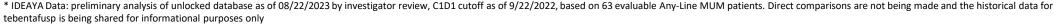
- ~50% of patients treated > 6 months
- ~30% of patients treated > 1 year



2-Year PFS Kaplan Meier (KM) Curve: Daro + Crizo in Any-Line MUM*

Daro + Crizo Combo Observes a Promising 2-Year PFS KM Curve and a "Long Tail" Effect









Darovasertib + Crizotinib Combination Clinical Summary in MUM Highly Differentiated Clinical Efficacy & AE Profile Observed*,**

	Darovasertib + Crizotinib	Cabozantinib Mono / Crizotinib Mono	Selumetinib + DTIC	lpi + Nivo	Tebentafusp
Target / Mechanism	PKC + cMET	сМЕТ	MEK + Chemotherapy	CTLA4 + PD1	HLA-A2-0201 Bi-Specific
Study Name(s)	NCT03947385	A091201^ / NCT05063058 ^^^^	NCT01974752^^^	NCT02626962##	IMCgp100-102#
Population	1L/2L/3L+ MUM (n=63)	1L+ MUM (n=31) / 1L (n=6) 2L (n=1) MUM	1L+ MUM (n=97)	1L MUM (n=52)	2L+ MUM (n=127)
Patient Selection	NA	NA / MET Overexpression	NA	NA	HLA-A2-positive
Drug Form	Oral Tablets	Oral Capsules	Oral Capsules + chemo	IV infusion	IV Infusion (Weekly)
Tolerability (Grade ≥3 Drug-Related AE)	31%	51.6% / NA	63% (All Cause)	58%	46.5%
% of Patients with Tumor Shrinkage	First-Line = 95% / Any-Line = 92% / Hepatic Only = 100%*	23% ^^ / NA	35% ^^	27% ^^	44% ^^
Confirmed ORR% (by RECIST 1.1)	First-Line = 45% / Any-Line = 30% / Hepatic Only = 37%*	0% / 0%	3%	11.5% (not confirmed ORR)	4.7%
Median PFS	First-Line: 7.1 months / Any-Line: 6.8 months / Hepatic-Only: 11.0 months*	2 months / NA	2.8 months	3 months	2.8 months

⁺ Cross-trial comparisons are not based on head-to-head studies and are presented for informational purposes; no direct comparisons are being made

⁺⁺ ESMO 2022: F. Dimitriou, et. al: IPI + Nivo Combo in HLA-A2-0201 MUM reports ~6% ORR (2 PRs out of 33 patients)

^{*} ESMO 2023 Proferred Presentation M McKean et al: Preliminary analysis of unlocked database as of 08/22/2023 by investigator review; data cutoff based on treatment Day 1 of Cycle 1 (C1D1) as of 9/22/2022

[#] Based on Immunocore reported 2L+ study data (to reflect comparative patient population) and by independent review and ORR% was with confirmed PRs; ## ASCO 2021, J. Piulats, et. Al, Ipi = ipilimumab, nivo = nivolumab, ORR% did not require PR/CR confirmation

[^] Randomized Phase II Trial and Tumor Mutational Spectrum Analysis from Cabozantinib versus Chemotherapy in Metastatic Uveal Melanoma (Alliance A091201); Clin Cancer Res 2020;26:804–11

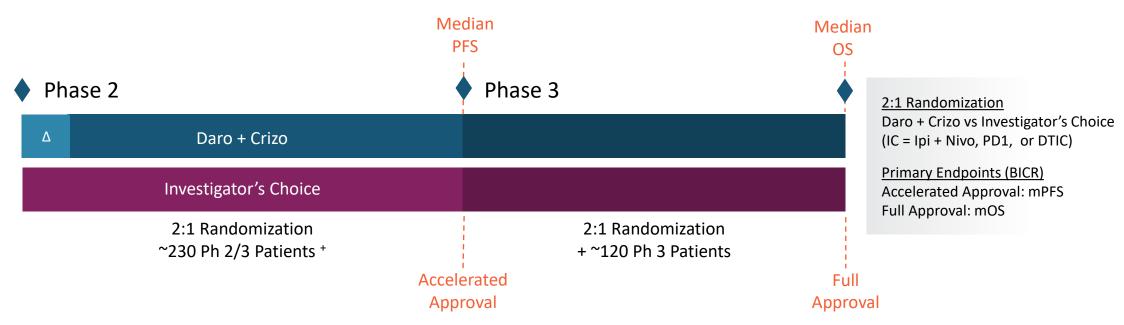
^{^^} Estimated from Waterfall plot

Accelerated Approval Trial Design in First-Line HLA-A2 Negative MUM

FDA Guided Design: Open Label Ph2/3 Evaluation of Daro + Crizo vs. Investigator's Choice ^

FDA Project FrontRunner: Target First-Line approval strategy to enhance patient benefit in MUM **FDA Accelerated Approval:** Address unmet need in MUM, which has limited effective treatment options

Integrated Phase 2/3 Study within Study Enables Potential Accelerated Approval & Full Approval



FDA Fast Track Designation for Daro + Crizo in MUM



[△] Nested study to confirm move forward dose: (i) Daro 300 mg BID + Crizo 200 mg BID or (ii) Daro 200 mg BID + Crizo 200 mg BID

^{*} Phase 2 study contemplates data set of n=200 patients randomized 2:1 with treatment arm at move forward dose in support of potential accelerated approval based on mPFS

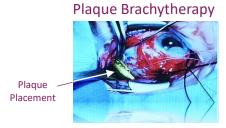
Daro = Darovasertib, Crizo = Crizotinib, MUM=Metastatic Uveal Melanoma, HLA-A2 = HLA-A2*02:01 Serotype, IC = Investigator's Choice, Ipi = ipilimumab, nivo = nivolumab; DTIC = dacarbazine

^ Clinicaltrials.gov: NCT05987332

Darovasertib Monotherapy in (Neo)adjuvant Primary Uveal Melanoma 3 of 6 evaluable (50%) UM Patients Observed Eye Preservation in Enucleation Cohort[^]

IDEAYA Phase 2 and IST ongoing to evaluate Darovasertib Current Treatment Approach following diagnosis of UM depends on tumor size and location:

- Enucleation in Large Tumors (~20%)
- Radiation in Small / Medium Tumors (~80%)



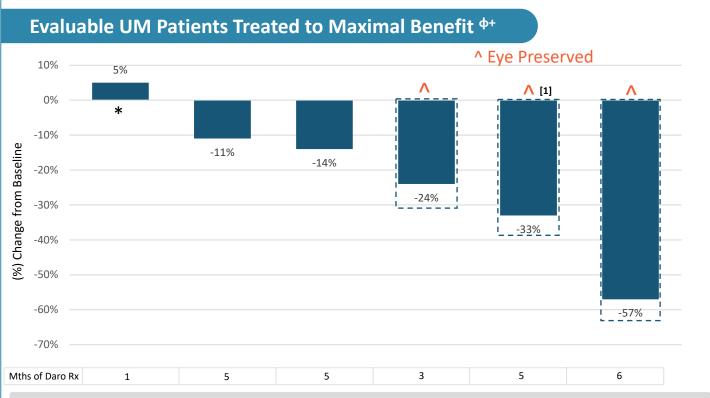
Iodine-125 Plaque Surgery, UCLA

Poor Vision (≤20/200) occurs in about 70%-80% of patients with UM (including enucleation)

Neoadjuvant / Adjuvant Systemic Therapy goals:

- Avoid Enucleation → Save the Eye
- Reduce Tumors and Radiation Dose → Protect Vision
- Reduce Occurrence of Metastasis → Save Lives

Paradigm Shifting Opportunity to Broadly Impact UM, with annual incidence of ~8,000 – 10,000 patients in US, EU



2 out of 4 additional patients after the enrollment cutoff date are likely plaque eligible (20% tumor reduction in 2 months, 22% tumor reduction in 1 month) and continuing on darovasertib until maximal benefit



[©] Data by investigator assessment with enrollment cut-off of July 17, 2023, from NADOM IST courtesy of Professor Anthony Joshua, MBBS, PhD, FRACP, St. Vincent's Hospital

⁺ Maximal % reduction in measured apical height or longest basal diameter

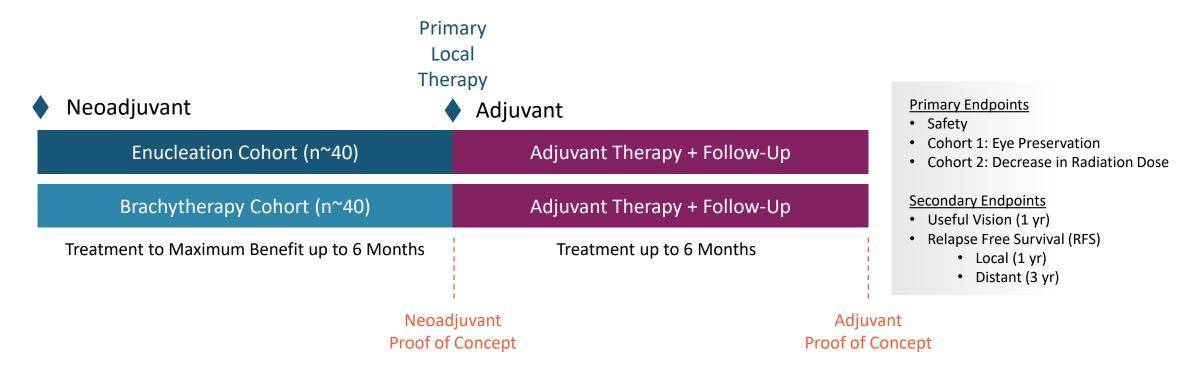
^{*} Patient had sub-retinal blood present at baseline and with lack of shrinkage and visual deterioration discontinued after 6 weeks. One additional patient had Grade 3 drug related dermatitis and discontinued treatment before 1st scan.

[1] Patient was plaque-eligible and ongoing with darovasertib neo-adjuvant treatment to maximal benefit

(Neo)Adjuvant Darovasertib in Primary Uveal Melanoma (UM)

Paradigm Shifting Opportunity to Save the Eye, Protect Vision and Save Lives

Phase 2 Study of Darovasertib Monotherapy as Neoadjuvant Therapy followed by Adjuvant Therapy ^



Three Independent Approaches for demonstrating Clinical Benefit and defining potential Approval Pathways

Enucleation Cohort → Save the Eye

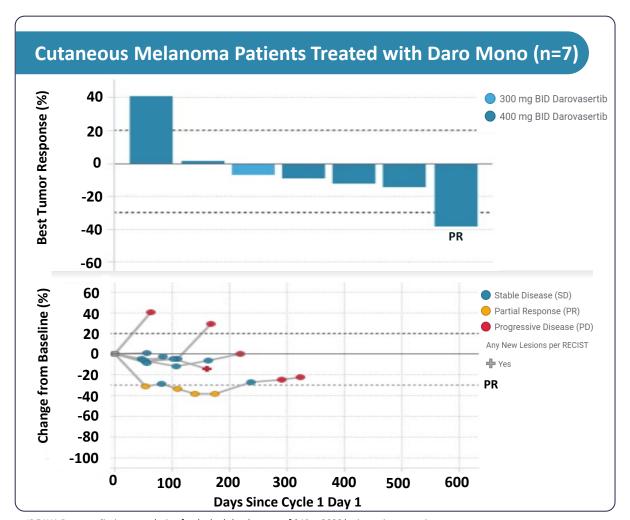
Brachytherapy Cohort → Protect Vision

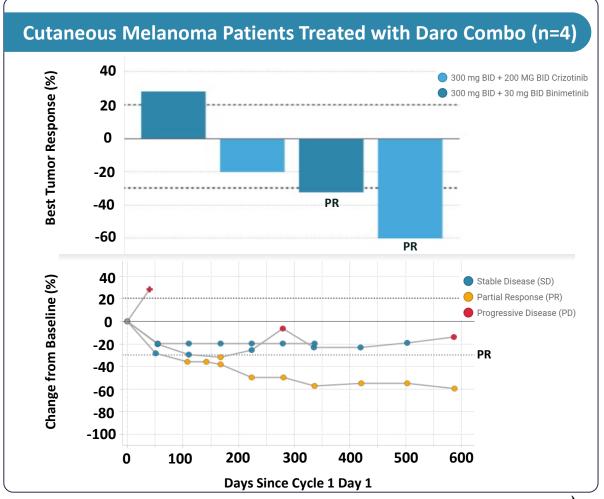
Adjuvant Therapy → Save Lives



GNAQ/11 Cutaneous Melanoma Patients Treated With Darovasertib

2 of 4 (50%) Observed Durable Partial Responses by RECIST 1.1 with Daro Combination









Darovasertib Clinical & Commercial Strategy in Uveal Melanoma and CM High Unmet Need and Multiple First-Line Opportunities

	Neoadjuvant UM		Adjuvant UM		MUM		Metastatic CM		
HLA-A2-Negative (~70% of UM / MUM)**		Phase 2 Enucleation Define Accelerated **Sediation Define Accelerated **Daro Phase 2 Radiation Define Accelerated		Approved Therapies* Phase 2 Define Accelerated		Daro + Crizo Therapies* Registrational Trial Accelerated Approval		Daro + Crizo Phase 2 Define Accelerated Approval	
HLA-A2-Positive (~30% of UM / MUM)**	No FDA A	Accelerated Approval Path	Accelerated Approval Path	No FDA A	Approval Path	Daro + Crizo Target NCCN / Compendia Listing		Path	
Target Treatment Duration		≥6 months		≥6 months		mPFS + ~3 months		mPFS + ~3 months	
Target Clinical Endpoints		Eye & Vision Preservation		Relapse Free Survival		ORR, mPFS, mOS		ORR, mPFS, mOS	
Annual Incidence US/EU**		~8-10k		~8-10k		~4-5k		>5K ^[1]	
Total Prevalence US/EU**		~100k		~100k		~14k		~180K ^[2]	

+95% of UM and ~5% of Cutaneous Melanoma (CM) patients harbor GNAQ/GNA11 mutation

FDA Orphan Drug Designation in Uveal Melanoma⁺

^[1] GNAQ/11 cutaneous melanoma estimated annual incidence is approximately 5,000 patients in the US and 8,000 patients in the EU28. Based on several metastatic cancer patient databases, including Memorial Sloan Kettering Cancer Center (MSKCC) Impact, we project GNAQ/11 metastatic cutaneous melanoma has the potential to double or more the annual addressable metastatic patient population of metastatic uveal melanoma alone
[2] The estimated total prevalence of primary GNAQ/11 cutaneous melanoma is approximately 70,000 patients in the US and 110,000 patients in the EU28



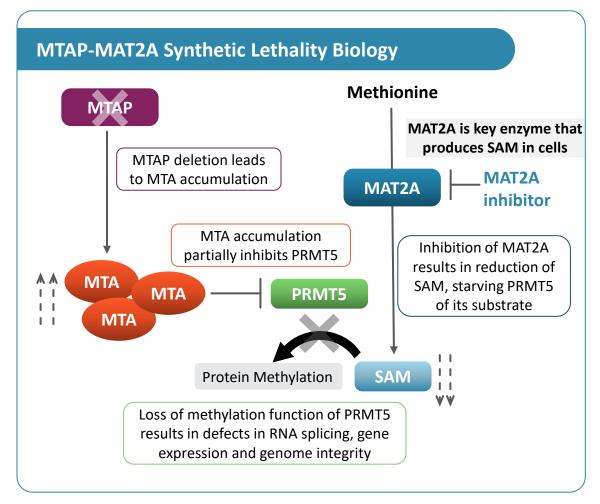
^{*}No FDA approved systemic therapies in multiple UM and MUM indications across the patient journey

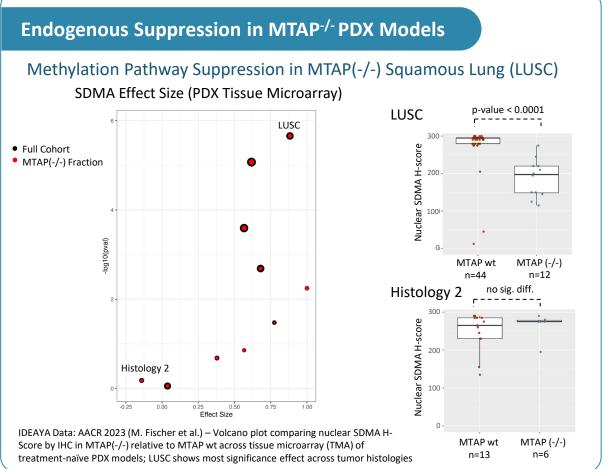
^{**}IDEAYA data: ~70% of MUM patients were HLA-A2-negative based on 149 patients tested for HLA-A2 status as presented at ESMO 2023; US/EU MUM annual incidence and total prevalence based on market research analysis

[†] Orphan Drugs benefit from certain tax credits and may be excluded from certain mandatory price negotiation provisions of the 2022 Inflation Reduction Act

MAT2A Inhibition is Synthetic Lethal with MTAP-Deletion

Strategies to address MTAP-/- Prevalence in ~15% of all Solid Tumors

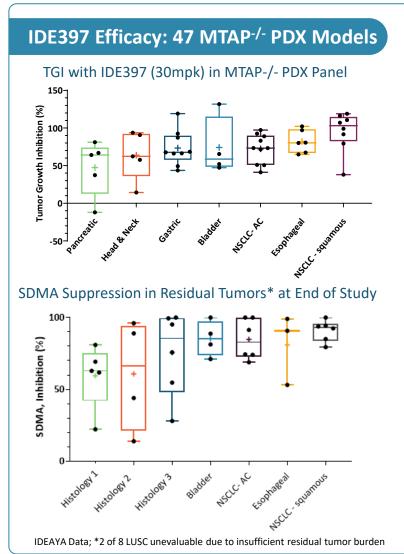


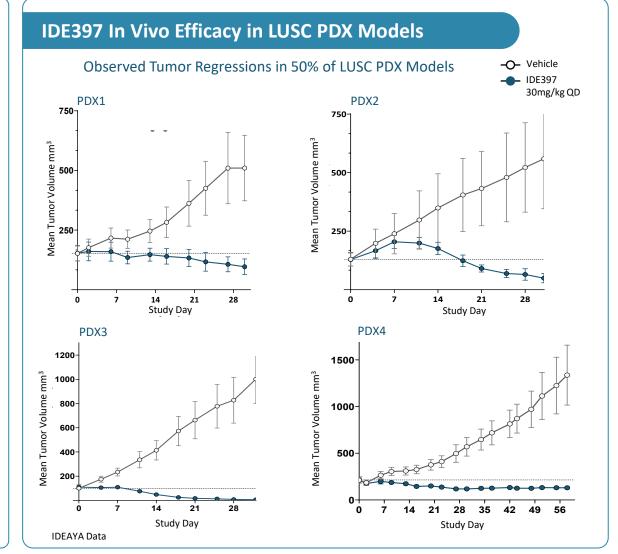




IDE397 Demonstrates Broad Efficacy across MTAP-Deletion PDX Models

Deep Regressions observed in NSCLC-squamous (LUSC), Esophageal and Bladder Cancers



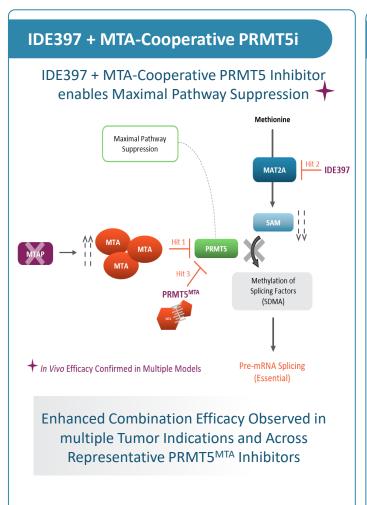


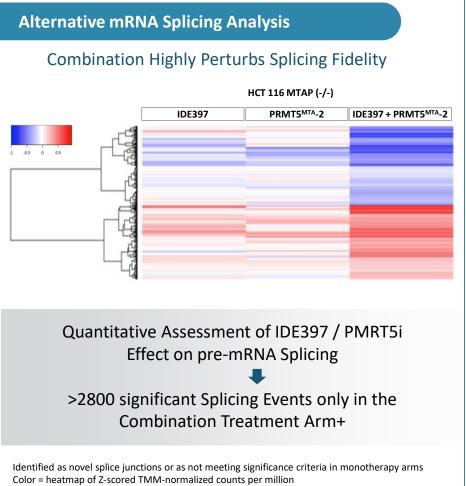


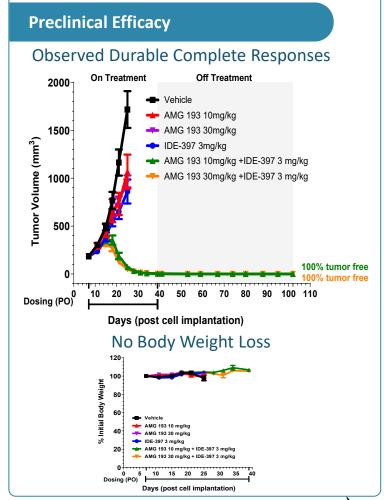
IDE397 Clinical Combination Strategy in MTAP-Deletion NSCLC



Phase 1 Study of IDE397 + AMG 193 (Amgen PRMT5) Clinical Combination Enrolling



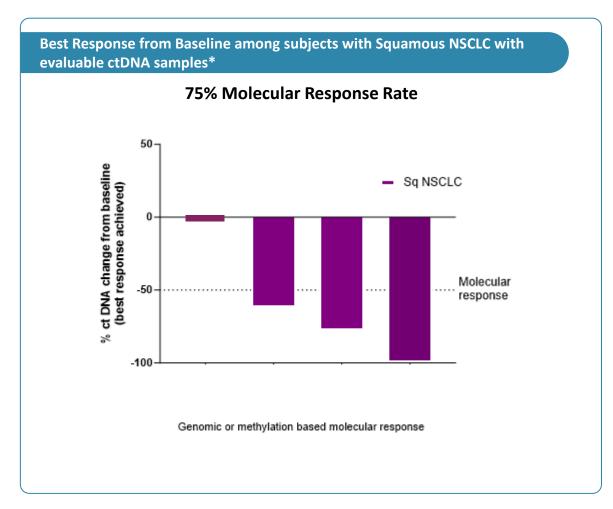






IDE397 Phase 2 Monotherapy Expansion in MTAP-Deletion Squamous NSCLC

Robust Tumor Shrinkage and ctDNA Molecular Responses Observed



^{33%} shrinkage by PET/CT and decreased hypermetabolism noted in the mediastinal nodal mass in Squamous NSCLC patient** **Baseline PET/CT** 12-week on study PET/CT

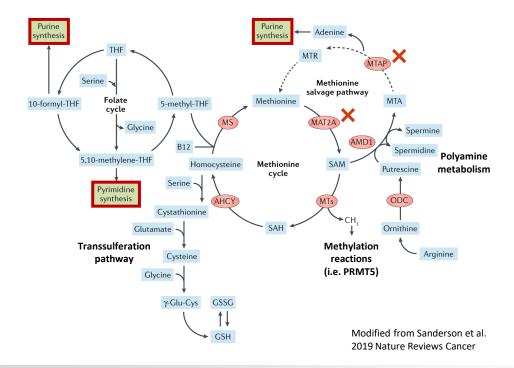
^{*1} patient sample failed QC for ctDNA analysis

IDEAYA Data: preliminary analysis of unlocked database as of November 21, 2023
** Radiologic and Clinical response noted (decreased dyspnea and hoarseness) in recurrent tumor in the
mediastinum after prior platinum chemotherapy and consolidation anti-PD1 antibody treatment

TRODELVY® + IDE397 Combination in MTAP-Deletion Urothelial Cancer

Disordered methionine metabolism underpins IDE397 combination opportunity with TOP1i-based ADC

IDE397 perturbs both nucleotide pools and mRNA splicing in MTAP-/- cells



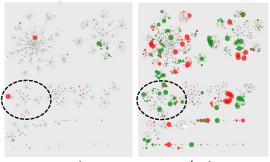
Key clinical correlates underscore combination opportunity

- MTAP-/- UC: shorter survival, lower RR to CPI, shorter PFS and OS with Enfortumab-Vedotin (EV)
- MTAP-/- status is associated with pemetrexed antitumor activity in UC
- A small study evaluating Trodelvy activity in UC post-EV suggested preferential activity in MTAP-/- tumors (RR 50% vs. 19% post EV)
- IDE397 has monotherapy efficacy in MTAP-/- UC (CR observed in a patient with short DFI post platinum and CPI, other tumor reductions and molecular responses seen)

Metabolic perturbation by IDE397 selectively interacts with MTAP

Metabolite Cytoscape

Global (untargeted) metabolic profiling of MTAPwt vs MTAP-/- +/- IDE397

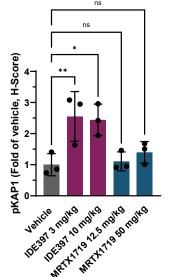


MTAP-/- +/- IDE397 MTAP WT +/- IDE397

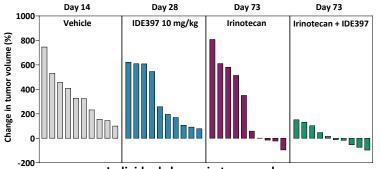
Ovals indicate nucleotide subcluster (purine/pyrimidine); green-decrease, red-increase FDR< 0.05

IDE397 provokes DDR response in vivo

HCT116 MTAP-/- CDX QD 6 days



TOP1i combination delivers durable benefit in challenging RT112/84 UC CDX model



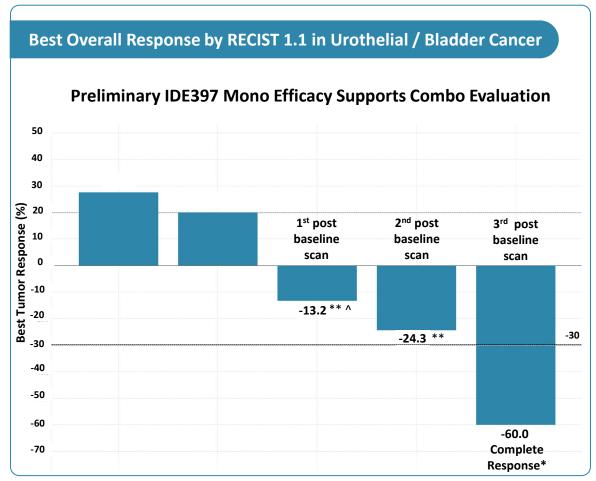
Individual change in tumor volume

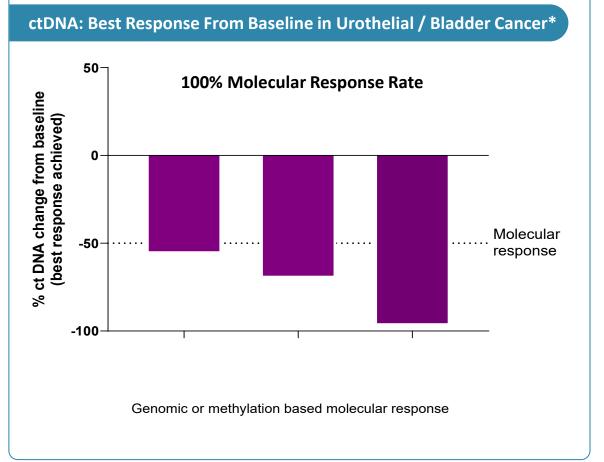
Individual tumors measured on day of study group termination as indicated; termination timing was based on endpoint criteria for tumor volume



IDE397 Phase 2 Monotherapy Expansion in MTAP-Deletion Urothelial Cancer

Robust Tumor Shrinkage and ctDNA Molecular Responses Observed





IDEAYA Data: preliminary analysis of unlocked database as of November 21, 2023

IDEAYA Data: preliminary analysis of unlocked database



^{*} Decrease of all nodes selected as target lesions to < 10mm in short axis is assessed as a complete response per RECIST v1.1 in cases where no other target lesions are present at baseline. Target lesion sum for lymph nodes may not be zero even if CR criteria are met

^{**} Patients had visceral metastases with target lesions in the liver and lung. ^ 6-week on study scan

^{*2} of the patient samples failed QC for ctDNA assessment

IDE397 Phase 1/2 Clinical Development Plan in MTAP-Deletion Solid Tumors

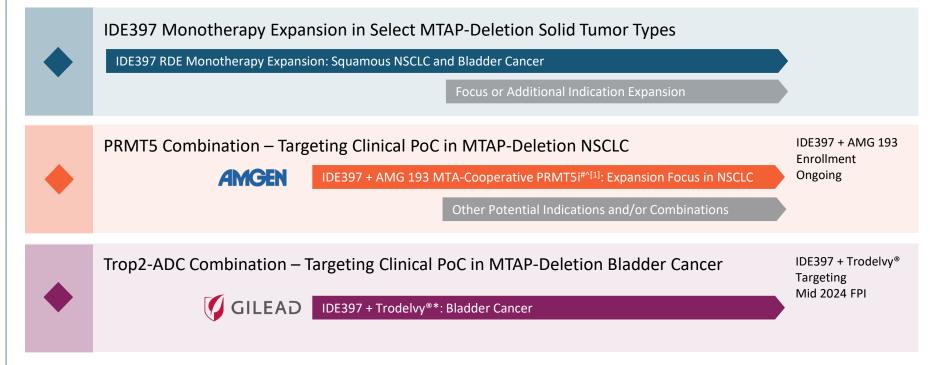
Strategic Focus in Select Monotherapy Indications and High Conviction Clinical Combinations

IDE397 – Clinical Profile

Exposure-Dependent Pharmacokinetic (PK) Profile with low C_{max} : C_{min}

Robust Pharmacodynamic (PD) Response observed

Monotherapy Expansion demonstrates clinical efficacy with Responses in Multiple High-Priority Tumor Types in Dose Expansion, including a Complete Response IDE397 is strategically well positioned to evaluate both monotherapy and clinical combinations in MTAP-deletion solid tumors



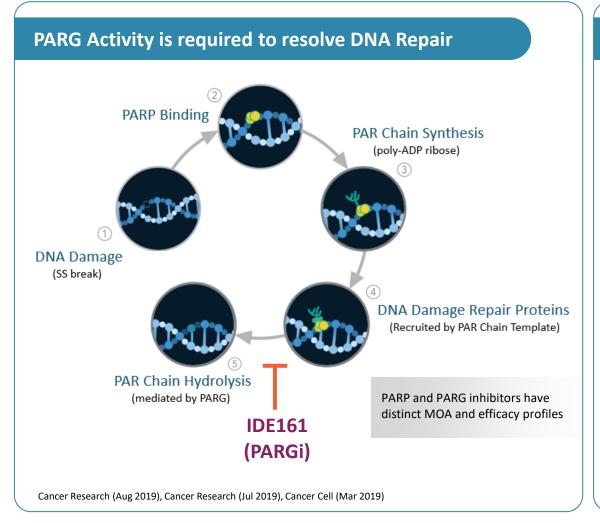
Addressable MTAP-Deletion Annual Incidence of >50,000 patients in the US, EU5 and Japan across priority solid tumor types of NSCLC, bladder, gastric, and esophageal cancers

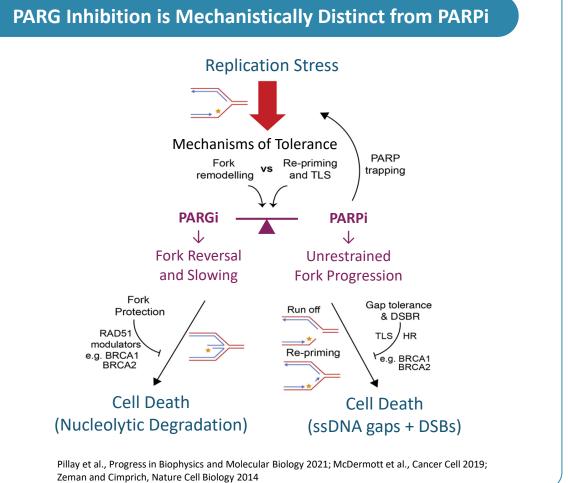




PARG Inhibition is Synthetic Lethal with HRD

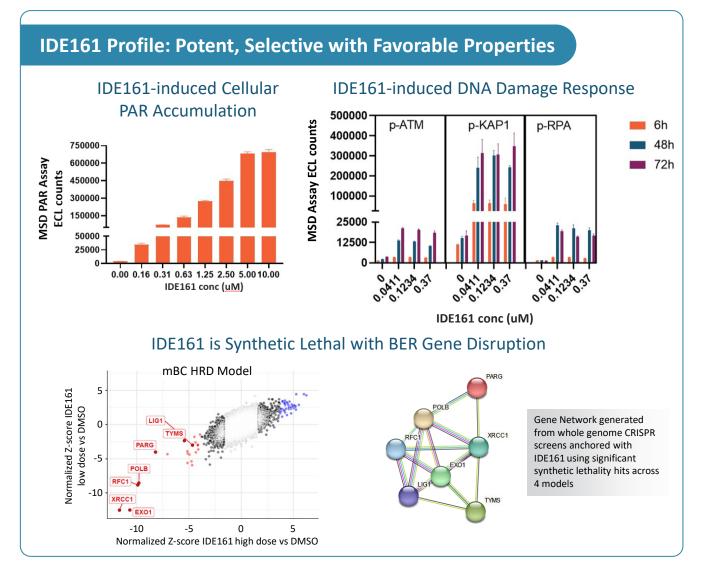
Novel, Mechanistically-Differentiated Target in a Clinically Validated Pathway

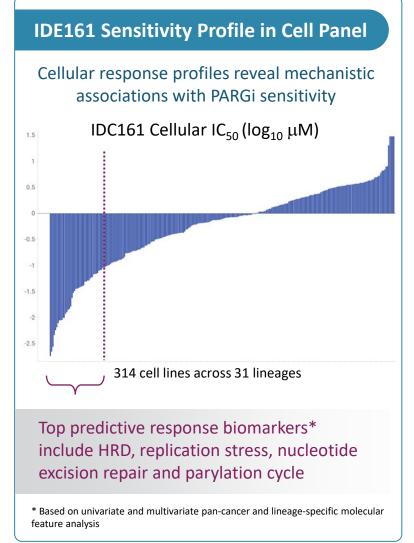






IDE161: Potential First-in-Class Phase 1 PARG Inhibitor

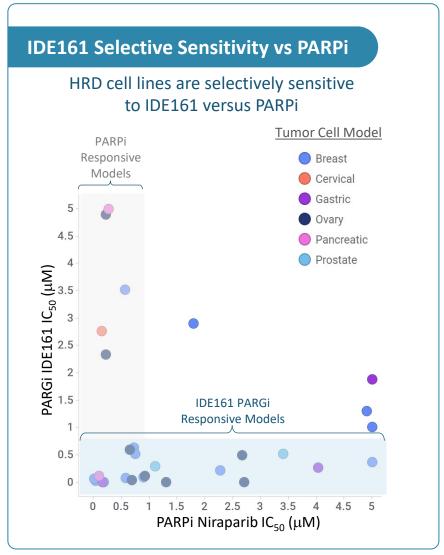


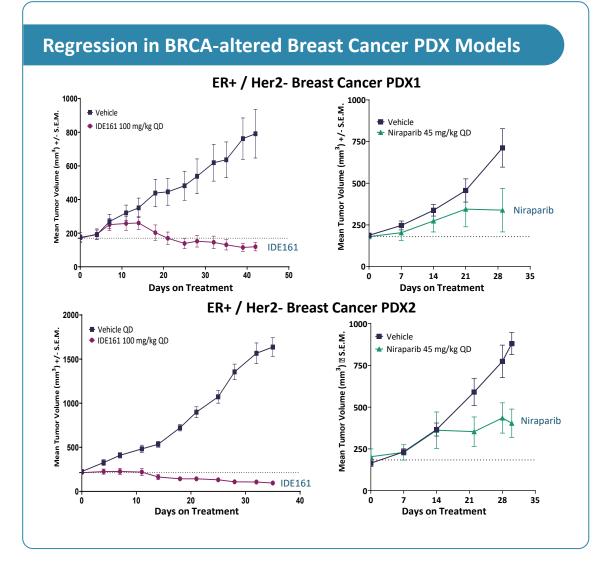




IDE161 is Active and Well-Tolerated in HRD ER+ Her2- Breast Cancer Models

Observed PARG inhibitor Activity is Distinct from PARP Inhibition





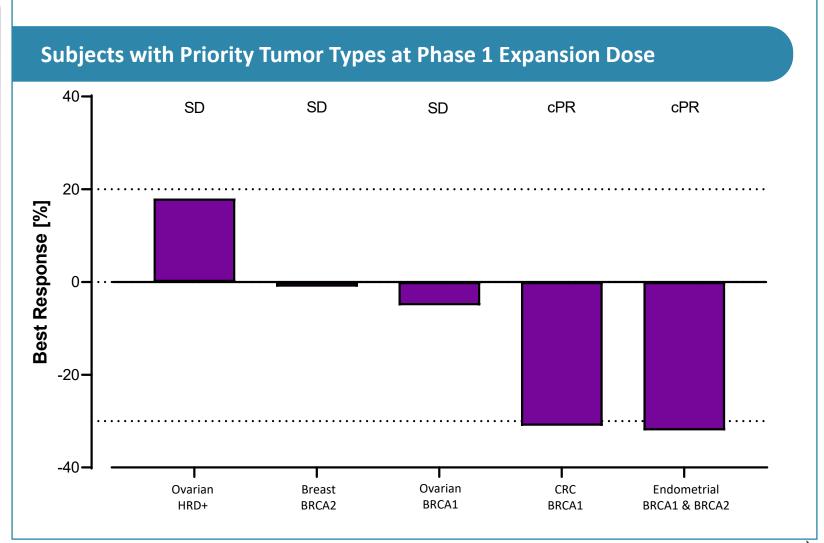


Preliminary IDE161 Clinical Efficacy at Phase 1 Expansion Dose

2 PRs by RECIST 1.1 and 100% DCR in Priority Solid Tumor Types with HRD

Initial tumor scans support favorable efficacy of IDE161 in HRD solid tumors:

- 100% DCR (5 of 5): 4 patients with tumor shrinkage & 3 Stable Disease
- Partial Response in a CRC patient at 2nd scan which was subsequently confirmed.
- Patient with Endometrial Cancer showed 87% reduction in CA125 (2760 U/mL at baseline and 360 U/mL at nadir). First scan showed Partial Response with 31% reduction in tumor size which was confirmed on subsequent scan.
- Fast track designation granted for BRCA1/2 HR+HER2- BC and ovarian cancer post PARPi therapy





IDE161 Phase 1/2 Clinical Development Plan in HRD Solid Tumors

Strategic Focus in Endometrial, Colorectal, Prostate, Breast & Other Solid Tumor Types

IDE161 Phase 1/2 – Monotherapy and Combination Clinical Development Plan

IDE161 Monotherapy Dose Escalation and Expansion in HRD Solid Tumors^[1]



Dose Escalation



Expansion Cohort: ER+, Her2-, HRD Breast Cancer

Expansion Cohort: HRD Tumors (EC, CRC, Prostate Cancer)

Expansion Opportunities beyond HRD Tumors

IDE161 + KEYTRUDA® (pembrolizumab) in Endometrial Cancer





IDE161+ KEYTRUDA® in Endometrial Cancer – Targeting H2 2024 FPI

IDE161 Combination Opportunities Validated Preclinically



IDE161+ Rational Combination Assets

Activity in PARPi- and Platinum-Resistant Settings

Differentiated Sensitivity relative to PARPi's

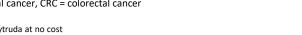
Targeting Improved Safety
Profile relative to PARPi's

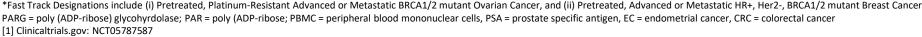
Preliminary IDE161 monotherapy clinical efficacy observed, including RECIST 1.1 Responses and >50% reduction in PSA

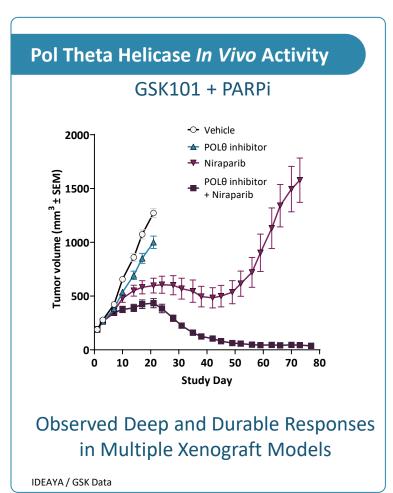
ER+, Her2- Breast Cancer Patients with HRD Tumors → ~10% to ~14% of Breast Cancer

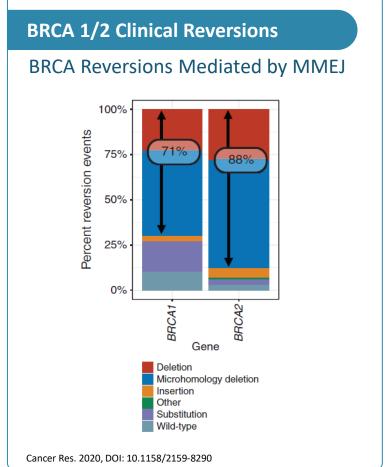
Facile peripheral PD Biomarker for PARGi based on measurement of PAR in blood samples (PBMC's)

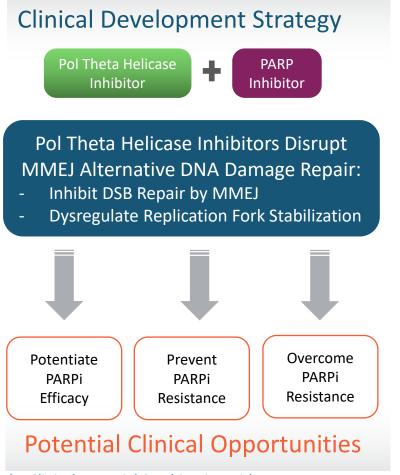
FDA Fast Track Designation for IDE161 in BRCA1/2 Ovarian and Breast Cancers*











GSK Strategic Partnership: Global Royalties with GSK covering all Costs, ~\$1B Milestones, incl up to \$20M Preclinical / Ph1 Clinical Potential Combination with GSK's Zejula™, a PARP Inhibitor

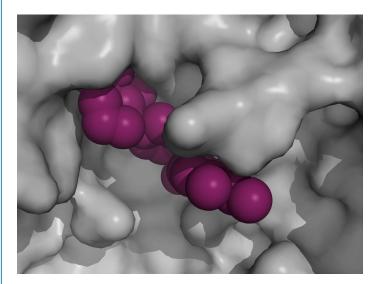


IDEAYA's AI/ML Enabled Drug Discovery Platform and IND-Engine

IND-Filing and Multiple Potential First-in-Class Development Candidates (DCs) Targeted in H2 2024

WRN Helicase

Nominated Werner Helicase Development Candidate

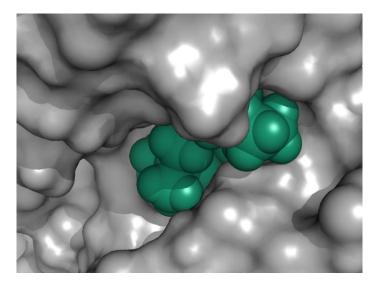


Targeting IND Submission in H2 2024*
MSI-High Tumor Agnostic

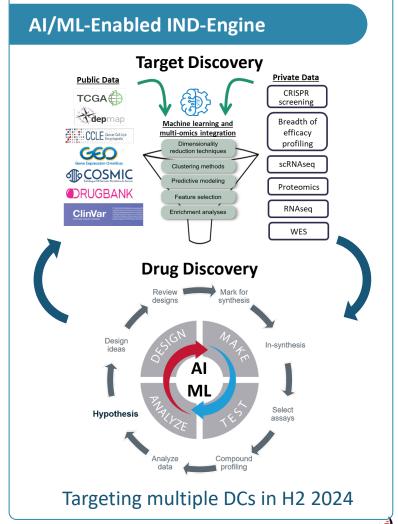
*Pursuant to GSK Collaboration

Multi-Pronged Strategy in MTAP-/-

Next Generation Programs



Key mechanistic interaction with MTAPloss, including distinct from PRMT5 pathway







Werner Helicase is Synthetic Lethal with Microsatellite Instability

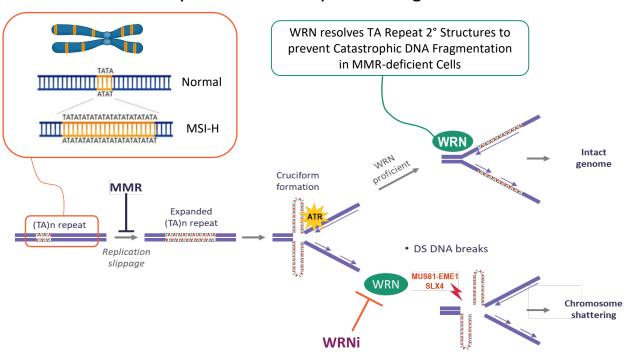
GSK

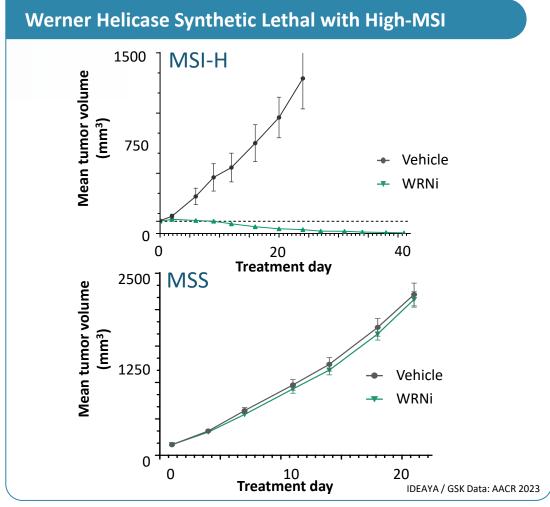
Targeting IND Submission in H2 2024

Werner Helicase Inhibitors Phenocopy Genetic SL in MSI-High Cancers

Nanomolar Potency, Biochemical and Cellular Activity, and Selectivity over other RecQ Helicases

Werner Helicase Synthetic Lethality in MSI-High Cancer Cells



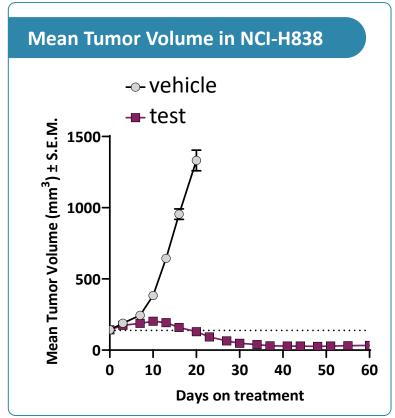


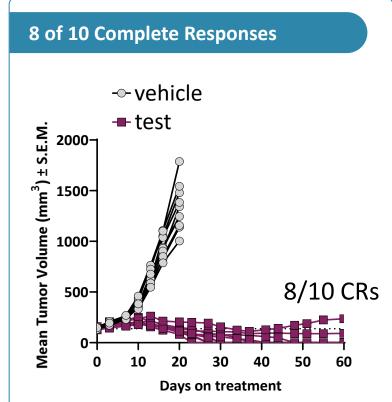
GSK Strategic Partnership: 50/50% US Profit Share and ex-US Royalties, ~\$1B Milestones, incl up to \$20M Preclinical / Ph1 Clinical; Cost Share 80% (GSK) / 20% (IDEAYA); Potential Combination with GSK's Jemperli™, a PD-1 IO Agent

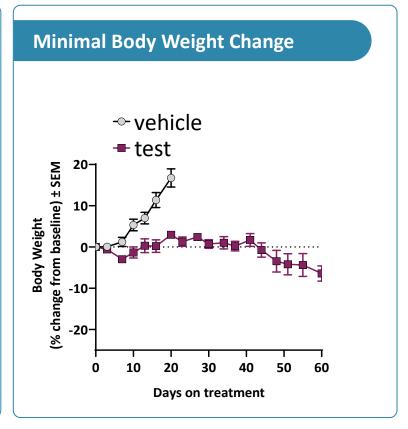


IDEAYA Pipeline: MTAP-Deletion New Target Opportunity

Mechanism-based activity distinct from PRMT5 pathway







- First-in-class opportunity not yet evaluated in the clinic
- Cellular screens indicate potential for broad therapeutic benefit in MTAP-/- cancers
- Mechanism anticipated to combine well with MAT2A and PRMT5^{MTA} inhibitors



Building a Fully-Integrated Biotech in Precision Medicine Oncology

Foundational Potential First-in-Class Clinical Pipeline and Drug Discovery Platform

CLINICAL PROGRAMS

Ph 2/3 − Darovasertib ¹
Ph 2 − IDE397 (MAT2A) ¹
Ph 1 − IDE161 (PARG) ¹
Ph 1 − GSK101 (Pol Theta Helicase) ²

Werner DC − Targeting
H2 2024 IND ²

Targeting Multiple DC Nominations
in H2 2024, including in MTAPdeletion

5 Clinical Programs

≥7 Clinical Programs

Darovasertib Registration-Enabling Trial with Potential Accelerated Approval in HLA-A2(-) MUM is tractable for commercial execution and provides path to potential product revenue to reinvest in broad *first-in-class* pipeline

Potential First-in-Class Precision Medicine Oncology Pipeline, including Darovasertib (Ph2/3), IDE397 (Ph 2), IDE161 (Ph 1), GSK101 (Ph 1), Werner Helicase (IND-enabling), and multiple Development Candidates targeted in H2 2024, including in MTAP-deletion

Strong Balance Sheet with ~\$978M³ and opportunity for milestones with cash runway to 2028

Pharma Collaborations include combinations with Pfizer, Amgen, Gilead, Merck, and GSK partnership with ~\$2 billion² in potential milestones



⁽¹⁾ Clinical Trial Collaboration and Supply Agreements, independently with Pfizer (Darovasertib + Crizotinib), Amgen (IDE397 + AMG193), Gilead (IDE397 + Trodelvy®), and Merck (IDE161 + KEYTRUDA®); IDEAYA retains all commercial rights to its products

²⁾ GSK101 Pol Theta Program Cost Share = 100% GSK with ~\$1B Milestones and WW Royalties; Werner Helicase Program Cost Share = 80% GSK / 20% IDEAYA with ~\$1B Milestones, 50/50 US Profit Share and Ex-US Royalties

Includes aggregate of \$941.4M cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities as of March 31, 2024, plus pro forma \$36.5M estimated net proceeds from sales of common stock through at-the-market offerings in April 2024